## **C12G**

# WINE; OTHER ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES; PREPARATION THEREOF (beer C12C)

## Relationship between large subject matter areas

<u>C12H</u> deals only with pasteurisation, sterilisation, preservation, purification, clarification or ageing of alcoholic beverages.

Low alcohol beer is classified in C12C 12/04.

Low alcohol wine is classified in <u>C12G 1/00</u> and other low alcohol beverages are classified in <u>C12G 3/08</u>.

## References relevant to classification in this subclass

This subclass/group does not cover:

Beer; Preparation thereof	<u>C12C</u>

## Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Generic equipment and processes for separation of solids from liquids	<u>B01D</u>
Generic distillation processes or apparatus	B01D 3/00

# **Glossary of terms**

In this subclass/group, the following terms (or expressions) are used with the meaning indicated:

Dégorgeage	Process for removing yeast which has settled in the neck of a bottle or on a specially formed closure
Desulfiting	Process for the removal of excess sulfur dioxide
Fermentation	Process whereby yeast converts sugar to ethyl alcohol.

Immobilized yeast	The yeast is absorbed on a material instead of being dispersed throughout the liquid
Must	Juice extracted from grapes
Pompage	Pumping
Sulfiting	Process for adding sulfur dioxide (SO2)
Wine	This term includes fortified wines such as Sherry, Port or Madeira, but does not include barley wine which is a synonym for beer used in older documents
Winestone	Crystals of potassium bitartrate precipitated from the wine

## **Synonyms and Keywords**

In patent documents the following expressions/words "Traditional method", "Champagne Method" and "Méthode Champenoise" are often used as synonyms.

In patent documents the following expressions/words "Low alcohol", "Reduced alcohol" and " dealcoholized" are often used as synonyms.

In patent documents the expression/word "Dégorgeage" is often used with the meaning "degorgement".

In patent documents the expression/word "degorge" is often used with the meaning "disgorge".

In patent documents the expression/word "agitation prior to removal of yeast " is often used with the meaning "remuage".

In patent documents the expression/word "dead yeast" is often used with the meaning "lees" or "sediment".

## C12G 1/00

## Preparation of wine or sparkling wine

## **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

- Methods for preparing wine or sparkling wine;
- Apparatus adapted for use in such methods.

# References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Methods as well as apparatus pertaining to pasteurisation, sterilisation, preservation, purification, clarification, ageing of alcoholic beverages (including wine)	<u>C12H</u>
Preparation of alcoholic beverages other than beer and wine	<u>C12G 3/00</u>
Alcoholic fermentation of fruit juice derived from non-grape material, e.g. apples, pears or peaches to give "fruit wine"	C12G 3/02
Simulation of ageing by flavouring	C12G 3/06
Recovery of by-products from fermented solutions (including wine)	<u>C12F</u>
Pitching / depitching machines, venting devices for casks, barrels and the like, and cellar tools (used in winemaking)	<u>C12L</u>

## Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Apparatus for enzymology in general	<u>C12M</u>

## C12G 1/005

[N: Methods or means to load or unload, to weigh or to sample the vintage; Replenishing; Separation of the liquids from the solids before or after fermentation]

## **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Methods or means for loading, unloading, weighing and/or sampling vintage, i.e. grape material to be used in winemaking, for replenishing, or for separation of the liquids from the solids before or after fermentation.

# References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Extraction of juices	A23L 2/04

## Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Methods as well as apparatus pertaining to pasteurisation, sterilisation, preservation, purification, clarification, ageing of alcoholic beverages (including wine), wherein precipitate and/or added materials is/are removed	C12H 1/02
Subject-matter of general interest relating to presses	B30B 9/00
Subject-matter of general interest relating to apparatus for extracting juice	A23N 1/00
Grape harvesting machines	A01D 46/28

# C12G 1/02

# Preparation of must from grapes; Must treatment and fermentation

## **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

- Preparation of must from grapes;
- Treatment or fermentation of the must.

# References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Separation of the liquids from the solids before or after fermentation	<u>C12G 1/005</u>

## Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Preparation of fruit and vegetable	A23L 2/02
juices	

# C12G 1/0203

# [N: by microbiological or enzymatic treatment]

## **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Treatment or fermentation of the must (i.e. grape juice) using micro-organisms and/or enzymes.

## Informative references

Fermentation processes for beer	C12C 11/00
Fermentation processes for alcoholic beverages other than beer & wine	C12G 3/02
Propagation of micro-organism in general	C12N 1/00
Enzymes in general	<u>C12N 9/00</u>
Processes using micro-organisms in general	C12R 1/00

## [N: using a home wine making vessel]

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Preparation, treatment or fermentation of the must (i.e. grape juice) using a home (or comparable small scale) wine making vessel.

#### Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Containers in general	<u>B65D</u>
Home brew equipment for use in beer production	C12C 13/10

# Special rules of classification within this group

This class should be given if reference is made to home (or small scale) wine making or if the dimensions of the vessel are significantly smaller compared to standard equipment (which is of course and inevitably subjective to some degree).

Moreover, this class takes precedence over C12G 1/0209 and 02E.

# **Synonyms and Keywords**

In patent documents the following expressions "Home wine making" and "small scale wine making" are often used as synonyms.

## C12G 1/0209

# [N: in a horizontal or rotatably mounted vessel (C12G1/0206 takes precedence)]

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Preparation, treatment or fermentation of the must (i.e. grape juice) in a horizontal and/or rotatably mounted vessel.

## Informative references

Containers in general	<u>B65D</u>
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# Special rules of classification within this group

C12G 1/0206 takes precedence over C12G 1/0209.

## C12G 1/0213

# [N: with thermal treatment of the vintage (C12G1/0206 takes precedence)]

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Preparation, treatment or fermentation of the must (i.e. grape juice) wherein the vintage is subjected to thermal treatment (i.e. heating and/or cooling).

# References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Post fermentation heating and/or cooling	<u>C12H</u>
Using a home wine making vessel	C12G 1/0206

# Special rules of classification within this group

C12G 1/0206 takes precedence over C12G 1/0213.

# Glossary of terms

In this subclass/group, the following terms (or expressions) are used with the meaning indicated:

In this group, the following terms are used with the meaning indicated:

	Maceration of vintage at decreased temperature
Thermovinification	Vinification at increased temperature

# C12G 1/0216

## [N: with recirculation of the must for pomage extraction]

## **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Preparation, treatment or fermentation of the must (i.e. grape juice) wherein the must is recirculated for pomace extraction.

## References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Immersion (or "plunging") of the pomace (or "cap") in/into the must	C12G 2200/25

## C12G 1/04

# Sulfiting the must; Desulfiting

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Methods or apparatus for sulfiting and/or desulfiting of must (i.e. grape juice) as part of a winemaking process.

# References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Preservation of fruit juices	A23L 2/44
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# **Synonyms and Keywords**

In patent documents the following abbreviations are often used:

·	Sulfuric acid, sulfur dioxide, SO2, sulfite etc.

## C12G 1/06

Preparation of sparkling wine, e.g. champagne; Impregnating wine with carbon dioxide

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

- Preparation of sparkling wine (such as champagne);
- Impregnation of wine with carbon dioxide.

# References relevant to classification in this subgroup

This subclass/group does not cover:

Sparkling wine derived from	C12G 3/00
non-grape material, e.g. apples,	
pears or peaches	

## Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Non-sparkling wine	C12G 1/02
Introduction of gases into liquids in general, apparatus for impregnating liquids with gases per se	B01F 3/04099
Impregnating non-alcoholic beverages with carbon dioxide	A23L 2/54

# C12G 1/062

# [N: Agitation, centrifugation, or vibration of bottles]

## **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Methods for agitation, centrifugation or vibration of bottles in sparkling wine production and apparatus specifically designed or adapted therefor.

## Informative references

Bottle stoppers used for trapping (mainly yeast) sediments per se	B65D 51/24

Champagne and similar bottles per se	<u>B65D 1/0276</u>
Rigid pallets with side walls which can be charged with champagne bottles	B65D 19/08, B65D 19/10, B65D 19/12
Shelves for bottles	<u>A47F 7/28</u>
Cellar tools (in general)	C12L 11/00

# **Synonyms and Keywords**

In patent documents the following abbreviations are often used:

Keywords relating to the loosening of	Vibrating, agitating, riddling, shaking
sediments / deposits in sparkling wine	etc.
and champagne bottles	

# C12G 1/064

# [N: using enclosed yeast]

## **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Preparation of sparkling wine (such as champagne) or impregnation of wine with carbon dioxide, wherein enclosed yeast is used.

## Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Containers for use in immersing enclosed yeast per se	<u>B65D 85/808</u>
Bottle stoppers used for trapping (mainly yeast) sediments per se	B65D 51/24

# **Glossary of terms**

In this subclass/group, the following terms (or expressions) are used with the meaning indicated:

In this group, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:

Enclosed yeast	This term seems not to be completely
	clear. It may be useful to replace it
	e.g. by "immobilised yeast" (although
	this implies a larger scope)

## C12G 1/08

## Removal of yeast ("degorgeage")

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Devices and methods for removing yeast in the preparation of sparkling wine or champagne

- by the disgorgement (French: dégorgeage) procedure or
- by processes giving substantially equivalent results to disgorgement (e.g. using bottle stoppers for entrapping sediment).

## Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Cork removing devices for champagne or sparkling wine bottles	<u>B67B 7/066</u>
Devices for emptying bottles	<u>B67C 9/00</u>
Bottle stoppers used for trapping (mainly yeast) sediments per se	B65D 51/24

## C12G 3/00

# Preparation of other alcoholic beverages

## **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Methods for preparing alcoholic beverages other than beer, wine (derived from grapes) or sparkling wine (derived from grapes) and apparatus adapted therefor.

#### Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Preparation of wine from grapes	C12G 1/00

## C12G 3/005

# [N: solid or pasty alcoholic beverage-forming compositions]

## **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Methods for preparing solid or pasty compositions forming (typically upon reconstitution or dilution) alcoholic beverages other than beer, wine (derived from grapes) or sparkling wine (derived from grapes).

Apparatus adapted therefor.

## C12G 3/02

## by straight fermentation

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Methods for preparing alcoholic beverages other than beer, wine (derived from grapes) or sparkling wine (derived from grapes) by straight fermentation.

Apparatus adapted therefor.

## C12G 3/025

# [N: Low alcoholic beverages (produced by after-treatment of fermented solutions C12G3/08)]

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Methods for preparing low alcoholic beverages other than beer, wine (derived from grapes) or sparkling wine (derived from grapes) by straight fermentation.

Apparatus adapted therefor.

# References relevant to classification in this group

This subclass/group does not cover:

Preparation of low alcoholic	C12G 3/08
beverages other than beer, wine	
(derived from grapes) or sparkling	
wine (derived from grapes) by	
after-treatment of fermented solutions	

## C12G 3/04

## by mixing, e.g. liqueurs

## **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Methods for preparing alcoholic beverages other than beer, wine (derived from grapes) or sparkling wine (derived from grapes) by mixing (e.g. liqueurs)

Apparatus adapted therefor.

## C12G 3/06

## with flavouring ingredients

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

- Methods for preparing alcoholic beverages other than beer, wine (derived from grapes) or sparkling wine (derived from grapes) by mixing with flavouring ingredients, e.g. flavoured cocktails;
- Apparatus adapted therefor.

# Special rules of classification within this group

Documents disclosing the use of flavouring ingredients as essential or predominant aspect of the invention as well as documents disclosing specific embodiments (in particular examples) wherein flavouring ingredients are used, are classified in this group.

## C12G 3/065

[N: Flavouring with wood or wood extract; Pretreatment of the wood used therefor]

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

- Methods for preparing alcoholic beverages other than beer, wine (derived from grapes) or sparkling wine (derived from grapes) by mixing and thereby flavouring with wood or wood extract;
- Apparatus adapted therefor;
- Pre-treatment of the wood used therefor.

## C12G 3/08

# by other methods for varying the composition of fermented solutions, e.g. by reducing the alcohol content

## **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

- Methods for preparing alcoholic beverages other than beer, wine (derived from grapes) or sparkling wine (derived from grapes), by methods for varying the composition of fermented solutions other than straight fermentation and mixing, e.g. by reducing the alcohol content;
- Apparatus adapted therefor.

## C12G 3/085

[N: using membranes, e.g. by ultra filtration, by dialysis, by osmosis, by inverse osmosis, by electrodialysis]

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

Methods for preparing alcoholic beverages other than beer, wine (derived from grapes) or sparkling wine (derived from grapes), by methods for varying the composition of fermented solutions other than straight fermentation and mixing, e.g. by reducing the alcohol content, wherein membranes are used (e.g. ultrafiltration, dialysis, electrodialysis, osmosis, reverse osmosis), and apparatus specifically adapted therefor.

#### Informative references

Reverse osmosis process	B01D 65/00
Semi-permeable membrane for separation processes	B01D 67/00-B01D 71/00

## C12G 3/10

## Increasing the alcohol content

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

- Methods for preparing alcoholic beverages other than beer, wine (derived from grapes) or sparkling wine (derived from grapes), by increasing the alcohol content;
- Apparatus specifically adapted therefor.

# C12G 3/105

## [N: by refrigeration and separation of the crystals formed]

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

- Methods for preparing alcoholic beverages other than beer, wine (derived from grapes) or sparkling wine (derived from grapes), by increasing the alcohol content by refrigeration and separation of the crystals thus formed (i.e. freeze-concentration);
- Apparatus specifically adapted therefor.

## C12G 3/12

# by distillation

#### **Definition statement**

This subclass/group covers:

- Methods for preparing alcoholic beverages other than beer, wine (derived from grapes) or sparkling wine (derived from grapes), by increasing the alcohol content by distillation.
- Apparatus specifically adapted therefor.

#### Informative references

Processes specially adapted for	B01D 3/001	
distillation or rectification of fermented		
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solutions	